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THE MEMPHIS DEPOT TENNESSEE

ADMINISTRATIVE RECORD COVER SHEET

MEETING MINUTES Restoration Advisory Board September 19, 1996 Defense Distribution Depot Memphis, "J" Street Cafe

The September Restoration Advisory Board Meeting was held on September 19, 1996 at the Defense Depot Memphis, Tennessee (DDMT) in the "J" Street Cafe. The attendance list is attached.

Welcome

Ms. Christine Kartman opened the meeting by welcoming the RAB members, members of the community, members of the Defense Environmental Response Task Force (DERTF), and presenters

The RAB members introduced themselves to the audience. Kartman then introduced Ms. Pat Rivers, Chairperson for the DERTF, who introduced herself and then asked the other DERTF members to introduce themselves.

Ms. Kartman then gave an overview of the evening's agenda.

New Business

Memphis Drinking Water--

Ms. Kartman introduced RAB member James Webb with Memphis Light, Gas and Water (MLG&W) who introduced Mr. Torrence Myers for a presentation regarding the drinking water supply in Memphis.

Mr. Myers is the Chief Chemist for the MLG&W Water Quality Laboratory. Mr. Webb also introduced Mr. John Benson who is responsible for overseeing MLG&W's treatment plants and wells. Mr. Mark Highburger and Ms. Michelle Ritchey from MLG&W's Corporate Communications office were also introduced.

The RAB had requested a presentation be made regarding the Memphis drinking water supply system. Mr. Myer's presentation began with an overview of the system.

Most of the Memphis drinking water is supplied by the Memphis Sands Aguifer. MLG&W has a total of 170 high production wells to supply the water to the city. There are 10 water treatment plants that treat 1 ½ to 2 ½ million gallons of water each day. The treatment process involves three steps. The water is aerated, filtered and chemically treated. Finally, the treated water is pumped to customers.

MLG&W has a test facility to maintain high water quality. do both chemical and bacteriological testing. They do sampling on water anywhere from the wells to the customers own tap water. Approximately 300 samples are taken monthly. If any bacteria is detected, further testing is done to find the source.

Both organic and inorganic chemical testing is done utilizing onsite, as well as, instrumental tests. There are 21 metals, as well as volatile organic compounds, and synthetic organic compounds that can be tested for.

All testing techniques meet the USEPA and state agency regulations. The lab also takes part in an EPA performance evaluation. MLG&W puts out a yearly water quality report, provides tours of their facility and opens their records for public inspection.

Questions about presentation-

Mr. Mondell Williams asked about wells 126,127, and 128. These wells have chemicals in the water. How would the contaminates get into the water?

Mr. Myers stated that in 1988 the State of Tennessee, the EPA and MLG&W agreed to shut down these wells as a public relations matter although the contaminate levels were below drinking water standards.

How long could a person drink water before they would be affected by materials in the water?

EPA has established maximum contamination levels, anything below these levels will not cause health problems. Mr. Webb added that the process of aerating the water treats any VOC's that may be present.

Ms. Johnnie Mae Peters asked, "if these same wells were still being used?"

Mr. Webb replied, "Yes, well 128 is in use at this time, well 127 is being tested."

There are currently no wells in Shelby County that are permanently shut down.

Mr. Dann Spariosu asked if the water from Allen Well Field is pumped just to customers in the Depot area or is it pumped all over the city?

Mr. John Benson responded by stating that the Allen Well Field is primarily servicing the areas to the south, the downtown area as well as President's Island. There is a relation between Allen Well Field and Mallory Station. In 1985 MLG&W constructed a main line from Allen out to the east part of the city. Depending on the valving of the water from Allen, it could go outside of its immediate service area. The only way to know for sure where the water is coming from is to test the water at the well and the customers tap. However, the water is only in the system for 24 hours so even this testing can be difficult.

Mr. Larry Smith asked if there was a problem with cross contamination with the shallow aquifer below the Dunn Field area?

Mr. Mondell Williams added, how does the water become contaminated?

Mr. Myers responded that the contaminants could get to the water through the clay layers in the ground. Some chemicals penetrate the clay layer more easily than others. The other possible way of contamination is if there are defects in the wells themselves that allow contaminants in to the water supply. Mr. Benson added that it is believed there are lens in the clay layers as well as areas where the clay layers are shallower than in others. A direct drilling technique is used to help avoid contamination and chemical sampling is done before the well goes online and standards must be met. MLG&W has a task force to investigate the sources of contamination, however, the wells must be running to get data.

 ${\tt Mr.}$ Kenneth Bradshaw asked about previous reporting by ${\tt Dr.}$ Parks with the USGS.

Mr. Spariosu stated that Dr. Parks has reviewed the design for the pump and treat interim remedial action.

BRAC Clean-Up Plan-

Ms. Kartman introduced Mr. James McCarthy with Woodward-Clyde to give a presentation about the BRAC Clean-Up Plan which is in its initial stages. The Environmental Baseline Survey (EBS) was started in December, a draft was produced in May and a review was done in June. A technical review meeting was held on July 18 1996 that resulted in the BRAC Cleanup Team (BCT) changing the transferable status of 43 buildings. Mr. McCarthy reviewed the CERFA Category Definitions. Categories 1-4 are eligible for transfer. The September 1996 CERFA Status showed that 51 buildings are categorized within 1-4 making these buildings ready for transfer. This shows significant progress for the main installation area. The Dunn Field area has seen no changes in categorization since the Draft Plan.

The objective of the BRAC Cleanup Plan is to expedite and improve environmental response actions to facilitate disposal and reuse while protecting public health and the environment. The scope of the plan includes hazardous materials, hazardous wastes, petroleum products, asbestos, radon, lead-based pain, PCBs, and radionuclides.

The BRAC Property Transfer Process involves sampling. If clean, it is ready for lease or transfer; if not, is required before it can be leased or transferred.

Planned remedial action at DDMT includes interim measures, excavation and removal of soil, groundwater treatment and institutional controls.

The BRAC Cleanup Plan Schedule was discussed and provided to the RAB members. It was produced by the BRAC Cleanup Team and it is driven by the MDRA's priorities for lease or transfer. This is a very aggressive plan. The current goal is for all cleanup to be completed by 2003.

Questions about presentation-

Mr. Mondell Williams asked when will the health assessment be done on Depot employees and the community?

Ms. Kartman stated that this is still being discussed; however, we will be keeping the RAB posted on this situation at future meetings.

Mr. Kevin Clay asked what changed between the Draft EBS and now so that there are now 51 buildings ready for transfer versus 8 in the Draft Plan?

Ms. Kartman stated that the (BCT) walked through each building as well as reviewed records to determine why these building were placed in Category 7. The buildings which changed categories were found not to be dirty. For example, they had spills that were cleaned up immediately after the occurrence. Apparently the data had not been fully reviewed before the buildings were categorized as a 7.

Mr. Clay voiced a concern that those doing this reviewing, the BRAC Cleanup Team, consists of Chris Kartman, Jordan English and Dann Spariosu. He felt there should be an independent group to make these decisions.

Ms. Doris Bradshaw asked about the two labs who were performing off-site testing?

Ms. Kartman stated the CH2M Hill is one of the labs and the report is not final. She did not have the name of the other lab, but offered that Mr. Julian Savage may have this information.

Mr. Carter Gray asked if the MDRA's priorities change is the plan flexible to accommodate these changes?

Ms. Kartman stated that the plan is flexible.

Public Comment Period-

Ms. Kartman will be leaving the Depot. Ms. Denise Cooper will still be here. They are currently working on finding a

5

replacement. Mr. Eric Holladay will be sitting in at the October RAB meeting in Ms. Kartman's place as facility Co-Chair.

Mr. Larry Smith thanked the DERTF members for attending the meeting and asked that they remember the work that is in progress at the Depot when they lobby in Washington for more funding for cleanup.

Mr. Kevin Clay added that more funding is needed to cleanup Dunn Field.

The next RAB meeting will be held on October 17th at $6:00~\rm p.m.$ in the Commander's Conference Room at the Depot.

Restoration Advisory Board Members

Ms. Christine Kartman Defense Depot Memphis Mr. John Garrison Citizen Representative Mr. Eugene Brayon Citizen Representative Mr. Dann Spariosu Ms. Elizabeth Young Citizen Representative Mr. Jordan English TDEC Mr. Dave Bond Citizen Representative Mr. Cleo Kirk Citizen Representative Ms. Veronica Smith Citizen Representative Ms. Teri Gray Citizen Representative Mr. James Webb Memphis Light, Gas and Water Mr. Larry Smith Community Co-Chair Mr. Mondell Williams Citizen Representative Ms. Karen Blanks-McGlown Citizen Representative Mr. Kevin Clay Citizen Representative Mr. Carter Gray Memphis/Shelby County Health Department Ms. Gloria Maxwell (for Ms. Willett) Citizen Representative Ms. Johnnie Mae Peters Citizen Representative

Others in Attendance

Corps of Engineers - Huntsville Mr. Julian Savage Col. Mike Kennedy DDMT Mr. Eric Holladay DDMT Ms. Judy Kruger DDMT Ms. Denise Cooper DDMT Mr. John DeBack DDMT-BRAC Transition Coordinator Mr. Mike Dobbs DDRE Mr. Larry Neidlinger DDRE Mr. Ron Marichak DDRE Mr. Ellis Pope Corps of Engineers-Mobile Mr. Torrence Myers MLG&W Mr. John Martin Woodward-Clyde Mr. James McCarthy Woodward-Clyde Ms. Sue Estes ME3, L.L.C. Ms. Kathy Brundage ME3, L.L.C. Ms. Pat Rivers DERTF Ms. Ann Hurley DERTF Mr. Terry Yonkers DERTF Mr. David Wang DERTF DERTF Mr. Don Gray Mr. Jim Woolford DERTF/USEPA HQ Mr. P. Daniel Smith DERTF/GSA-Washington D.C. Mr. Paul Reimer DERTE Mr. Sam Goodhope DERTF Mr. Robert Martin Corps of Engineers-Washington D.

Mr. Paul Steffen Chair Future Land Use Desi Chandler MCAS Tustin Mr. Joseph Joyce MCAS El Toro Ms. Tanya Prideland Citizen Ms. Barbara Smith USEPA Region 9 Mr. Norman Hemming USEPA Region 4 Ms. Marsha Minter USEPA Mr. Ray Carr USEPA Ms. Allison Abernathy USEPA HQ Mr. John Benson MLG&W Mr. Frank Barton OSD/OEA Mr. Bobby Dearhart Charleston Navy Mr. Loyd Merrill NCPA Mr. Albert Genetti **HQUSACE** Ms. Kathleen Buchi U.S. Army Mr. Joe Graf NAVFAC HO Mr. David Plant PRC Ms. Diane Stopa PRC EMI Ms: Colleen Brecker PRC EMI Ms. Andrea Thies PRC EMI Ms. Jen Grund PRC EMI Ms. Karen Moran DLA HO Ms. Sharon Gavin DLA HQ Mr. Ben Moore ATSDR Mr. Rich Newsome Army Secretariat Mr. Keith Beebe DDRE PAC Ms. Linda Rutsch USEPA Ms. Jan Mertman DLA CAAE Mr. Thomas Edwards Attorney General's Office-State of Texas Mr. Shah Choudhury ODUSD (ES) Ms. Phyllis Breland OSD/BCTC Mr. Kenneth Bradshaw Citizen Mr. Russell Ray Anderson Citizen Ms. Barbara Everett Citizen Ms. Doris Bradshaw Citizen Ms. Betty Mills Citizen

FINAL PAGE

ADMINISTRATIVE RECORD

FINAL PAGE

FINAL PAGE

ADMINISTRATIVE RECORD

FINAL PAGE